

Soil Temperature and Corn Emergence

Our Goal:



Yield Potential = 616.2 bu/A









How Does Corn Emerge



✓ Wait to plant until soil is at 50-55°F

- Kernel moisture = 10-12%
- Imbibition of soil water
- Kernel moisture = 30%
- Soil at 50-55°F
- Enzymes: starch -> sugar



AgriTools University of Nebraska - Lincoln

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80 Soil GDU's: radicle 130 Soil GDU's: emergence

Optimal Soil Temperature for Corn Growth

3

Root

Shoot

- Optimal seedling germination and ulletemergence occurs at higher soil temperatures
- Growers can expect much slower ulletemergence and growth at the cool soil temperatures which are typical during corn planting.

Growth Rate (mm/hour) 2 1 0 59°F 77°F 86°F 95°F Temperature (°F)

Average early root/shoot growth rates for 3 hybrids under 4 soil temperatures ranging from 59 to 95°F.





Imbibition of soil water

- Rapid water uptake happens very quickly
- If planted into cold soils lower germination and diseases can set into seedling
- First 24-48 hours critical to have warm seed bed





Amount of water uptake by corn seed during the first three hours after submersion in 50°F water.



Q1: How deep do you plant corn on a trashy corn on corn scenario?

Answer: 2"

Q2: It's a colder spring with plenty of moisture, how deep do you plant corn? *Answer: 2*"

Q3: What are the reasons you plant at this depth?



Reasons to plant at 2":

Soil temperature and moisture fluctuations occur the most in the top 1" of soil – more so in sandy soils.





Reasons to plant at 2":

Planting shallow will result in poor root development – rootless corn syndrome. It will also affect the plant throughout the year.







Reasons to plant at 2":





Selecting/ planting higher stress emergence hybrids

- Pioneer provides stress emergence (SE) scores for all commercial hybrids to help manage early-season risk.
- Choosing hybrids with higher SE scores can help reduce genetic vulnerability to stand loss due to cold soil temperatures.





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Germination of two hybrids with stress emergence scores of 4 (below average) and 7 (above average) following imbibitional chilling induced by melting ice*.

*Ice was applied immediately after planting (0 hours) or after 24 hours or 48 hours of pre-germination in warm conditions.

INNOVATIVE APPLIED AGRONOMY

BIONEER.





Nutrient deficiency caused by heavy residue and cool, wet soil.

Corn root growth
decreases 5-fold when 70° F
to 58° F and P uptake
decreased 4-fold



Seed Treatments

	Trade Name	Active Ingredients	Pythium	Rhizoctonia	Fusarium	Head smut	Aspergillus	Seed bome diseases
LumiGEN [™] technologies	Maxim® Quattro seed treatment	Mefenoxam	•					
		Azoxystrobin		•	•			
		Fludioxonil		•			•	•
		Thiabendazole			•		•	•
	Lumiante ⁻ fungicide seed treatment	Ethaboxam	•					
	Lumiflex [®] seed treatment fungicide	Ipconazole		•	•	•	•	•
	L-2012 R biofungicide	Bacillus amyloliquefaciens strain MBI 600		•	•			
		Number of Modes of Action	3	4	4	1	3	3

Thank You



